IN THE SUPREME COURT OF APPEAL OF SOUTH AFRICA

SCA CASE NO: 531/2015

GNP Case No.: 27401/2015

In the matter of:

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND First Appellant

CORRECTIONAL SERVICE

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH Second Appellant

THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR OF Third Appellant

PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS

THE HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL Fourth Appellant

OF SOUTH AFRICA

and

ESTATE LATE STRANSHAM-FORD, ROBERT JAMES Respondent

and

DOCTORS FOR LIFE INTERNATIONAL NPC

Amicus Curiae

DONRICH WILLEM JORDAAN Amicus Curiae

CAUSE FOR JUSTICE Amicus Curiae

CENTRE FOR APPLIED LEGAL STUDIES Amicus Curiae

JUSTICE ALLIANCE Amicus Curiae

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SUPPORTING AFFIDAVIT

I, the undersigned,

PETER LINDLEY REAGAN

do hereby make oath and say that:

- I am an adult male retired family physician. I reside at 2406 NE 19th Avenue, Portland, OR, USA 97212.
- I have personal knowledge of the facts and matters described in this affidavit, save and except where same are stated to be made on information and belief, and where so stated, I verily believe them to be true.
- 3. I refute the assertions in regard to my patient Michael Freeland. Mr. Freeland was diagnosed with advanced, terminal lung cancer. I became his attending physician and Mr. Freeland went through the qualification process to receive a prescription for aid-in-dying medication, including two evaluations by doctors to determine that his judgment was not impaired and that he was capable of making his own healthcare decisions. Mr. Freeland saw several doctors over the course of his illness, none of whom expressed concern that he possessed aid-in-dying medication because he was capable of making his own healthcare.



decisions. Mr. Freeland felt relieved when he received the medication which is an important palliative effect of this treatment. He never took the medication.

- 4. As his disease progressed, an organization who is opposed to medical aid-in-dying established a relationship with Mr. Freeland and followed his condition closely. The representatives from the opposition organization never reported concerns about Michael's safety to medical authorities during this period, nor tried to have the authorities remove the aid-in-dying medication from Michael's possession. Not until two years after his death did they voice their concerns, and accuse Michael of being unfit to make his own health care decisions.
- 5. I also refute assertions in regard to my patient "Helen". It is patently untrue that I was intimidated by my patient or had concerns about medical aid-in-dying following my experience with Helen. Dr Stevens incorrectly draws his own inferences. None of the passages Dr Stevens quotes referring to me support his assertions. His interpretation and conclusion based on articles where I am not quoted, is incorrect. Participation in Helen's care was an honor and a privilege, and I subsequently prescribed aid-in-dying medication for several of my patients who requested this end-of-life option and who qualified under the law.
- 6. Lastly, I am advised that it is a serious accusation to accuse a person of materially misleading a court of law, which can constitute the criminal offense of perjury. The HSPCA seeks to admit an affidavit from attorney Margaret Dore practicing in Washington State. In her affidavit, she uses the heading 'The

Jackson/Reagan Affidavits are Materially Misleading". ¹ I refute any assertion of misinformation. The Oregon Death with Dignity Act (ODDA)² requires that in order to be eligible for an aid-in-dying prescription, the patient requesting the prescription must be an adult, terminally ill with a prognosis of six months or less to live and mentally capable to make their own healthcare decisions. The ODDA also implicitly requires the patient to self-administer the medication as evidenced through:

- 6.1.127.897 s.6.01 sets forth the prescribed prescription request form for patients which states: "I expect to die when I take the medication to be prescribed."
- 6.2.127.800 s.1.01 (7) states: "Informed decision" means a decision by a qualified patient, to request and obtain a prescription to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner, that is based on an appreciation of the relevant facts and after being fully informed by the attending physician of (d) The probable result of taking the medication to be prescribed;"
- 6.3.127.875 s.3.13 states: "Neither shall a qualified patient's act of ingesting medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner ..."
- 6.4.127.880 s.3.14 states: "Nothing in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall be construed to authorize a physician or any other person to end a patient's life by lethal injection, mercy killing or active euthanasia."

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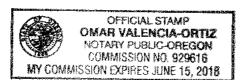
¹ Supreme Court Record of Appeal p 434, paras 18 and 19

² ODDA is annexed hereto for ease of reference.

6.5. The Clinical Criteria for Physician Aid in Dying which references the ODDA significantly states: Physicians must also inform patients about the self-administration requirement for AID. Patients must be capable of taking the medication on their own, usually by drinking from a cup but also by pouring through a feeding tube.³

PETER LINDLEY REAGAN

AFFIRMED at Portland, Oregon, United States, this _____3 0 day of July 2016.



Netary Public COMMISSIONER OF OATHS

³ David Orentlicher et al. 'Physician Aid-in-Dying Clinical Criteria Committee' Journal of Palliative Medicine. February 2016, 19(3): 259-262, page 3.



(7) No provision of ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall be construed to allow a lower standard of care for patients in the community where the patient is treated or a similar community. [1995 c.3 §4.01; 1999 c.423 §10]

Note: As originally enacted by the people, the leadline to section 4.01 read "Immunities." The remainder of the leadline was added by editorial action.

- **127.890 §4.02. Liabilities.** (1) A person who without authorization of the patient willfully alters or forges a request for medication or conceals or destroys a rescission of that request with the intent or effect of causing the patient's death shall be guilty of a Class A felony.
- (2) A person who coerces or exerts undue influence on a patient to request medication for the purpose of ending the patient's life, or to destroy a rescission of such a request, shall be guilty of a Class A felony.
- (3) Nothing in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 limits further liability for civil damages resulting from other negligent conduct or intentional misconduct by any person.
- (4) The penalties in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 do not preclude criminal penalties applicable under other law for conduct which is inconsistent with the provisions of ORS 127.800 to 127.897. [1995 c.3 §4.02]
- **127.892 Claims by governmental entity for costs incurred.** Any governmental entity that incurs costs resulting from a person terminating his or her life pursuant to the provisions of ORS 127.800 to 127.897 in a public place shall have a claim against the estate of the person to recover such costs and reasonable attorney fees related to enforcing the claim. [1999 c.423 §5a]

(Severability)

(Section 5)

127.895 §5.01. Severability. Any section of ORS 127.800 to 127.897 being held invalid as to any person or circumstance shall not affect the application of any other section of ORS 127.800 to 127.897 which can be given full effect without the invalid section or application. [1995 c.3 §5.01]

(Form of the Request)

(Section 6)

127.897 §6.01. Form of the request. A request for a medication as authorized by ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall be in substantially the following form:

contractor of the sanctioning health care provider. Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to prevent:

- (i) A health care provider from participating in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 while acting outside the course and scope of the provider's capacity as an employee or independent contractor; or
- (ii) A patient from contracting with his or her attending physician and consulting physician to act outside the course and scope of the provider's capacity as an employee or independent contractor of the sanctioning health care provider.
- (c) A health care provider that imposes sanctions pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection must follow all due process and other procedures the sanctioning health care provider may have that are related to the imposition of sanctions on another health care provider.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection:
- (A) "Notify" means a separate statement in writing to the health care provider specifically informing the health care provider prior to the provider's participation in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 of the sanctioning health care provider's policy about participation in activities covered by ORS 127.800 to 127.897.
- (B) "Participate in ORS 127.800 to 127.897" means to perform the duties of an attending physician pursuant to ORS 127.815, the consulting physician function pursuant to ORS 127.820 or the counseling function pursuant to ORS 127.825. "Participate in ORS 127.800 to 127.897" does not include:
- (i) Making an initial determination that a patient has a terminal disease and informing the patient of the medical prognosis;
- (ii) Providing information about the Oregon Death with Dignity Act to a patient upon the request of the patient;
- (iii) Providing a patient, upon the request of the patient, with a referral to another physician; or
- (iv) A patient contracting with his or her attending physician and consulting physician to act outside of the course and scope of the provider's capacity as an employee or independent contractor of the sanctioning health care provider.
- (6) Suspension or termination of staff membership or privileges under subsection (5) of this section is not reportable under ORS 441.820. Action taken pursuant to ORS 127.810, 127.815, 127.820 or 127.825 shall not be the sole basis for a report of unprofessional or dishonorable conduct under ORS 677.415 (2) or (3).

- (3) No request by a patient for or provision by an attending physician of medication in good faith compliance with the provisions of ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall constitute neglect for any purpose of law or provide the sole basis for the appointment of a guardian or conservator.
- (4) No health care provider shall be under any duty, whether by contract, by statute or by any other legal requirement to participate in the provision to a qualified patient of medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner. If a health care provider is unable or unwilling to carry out a patient's request under ORS 127.800 to 127.897, and the patient transfers his or her care to a new health care provider, the prior health care provider shall transfer, upon request, a copy of the patient's relevant medical records to the new health care provider.
- (5)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a health care provider may prohibit another health care provider from participating in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 on the premises of the prohibiting provider if the prohibiting provider has notified the health care provider of the prohibiting provider's policy regarding participating in ORS 127.800 to 127.897. Nothing in this paragraph prevents a health care provider from providing health care services to a patient that do not constitute participation in ORS 127.800 to 127.897.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) to (4) of this section, a health care provider may subject another health care provider to the sanctions stated in this paragraph if the sanctioning health care provider has notified the sanctioned provider prior to participation in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 that it prohibits participation in ORS 127.800 to 127.897:
- (A) Loss of privileges, loss of membership or other sanction provided pursuant to the medical staff bylaws, policies and procedures of the sanctioning health care provider if the sanctioned provider is a member of the sanctioning provider's medical staff and participates in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 while on the health care facility premises, as defined in ORS 442.015, of the sanctioning health care provider, but not including the private medical office of a physician or other provider;
- (B) Termination of lease or other property contract or other nonmonetary remedies provided by lease contract, not including loss or restriction of medical staff privileges or exclusion from a provider panel, if the sanctioned provider participates in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 while on the premises of the sanctioning health care provider or on property that is owned by or under the direct control of the sanctioning health care provider; or
- (C) Termination of contract or other nonmonetary remedies provided by contract if the sanctioned provider participates in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 while acting in the course and scope of the sanctioned provider's capacity as an employee or independent

- (3) The department shall generate and make available to the public an annual statistical report of information collected under subsection (2) of this section. [1995 c.3 §3.11; 1999 c.423 §9; 2001 c.104 §40]
- **127.870 §3.12.** Effect on construction of wills, contracts and statutes. (1) No provision in a contract, will or other agreement, whether written or oral, to the extent the provision would affect whether a person may make or rescind a request for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner, shall be valid.
- (2) No obligation owing under any currently existing contract shall be conditioned or affected by the making or rescinding of a request, by a person, for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner. [1995 c.3 §3.12]
- **127.875 §3.13. Insurance or annuity policies.** The sale, procurement, or issuance of any life, health, or accident insurance or annuity policy or the rate charged for any policy shall not be conditioned upon or affected by the making or rescinding of a request, by a person, for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner. Neither shall a qualified patient's act of ingesting medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner have an effect upon a life, health, or accident insurance or annuity policy. [1995 c.3 §3.13]
- **127.880 §3.14. Construction of Act.** Nothing in ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall be construed to authorize a physician or any other person to end a patient's life by lethal injection, mercy killing or active euthanasia. Actions taken in accordance with ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall not, for any purpose, constitute suicide, assisted suicide, mercy killing or homicide, under the law. [1995 c.3 §3.14]

(Immunities and Liabilities)

(Section 4)

- **127.885 §4.01.** Immunities; basis for prohibiting health care provider from participation; notification; permissible sanctions. Except as provided in ORS 127.890:
- (1) No person shall be subject to civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for participating in good faith compliance with ORS 127.800 to 127.897. This includes being present when a qualified patient takes the prescribed medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner.
- (2) No professional organization or association, or health care provider, may subject a person to censure, discipline, suspension, loss of license, loss of privileges, loss of membership or other penalty for participating or refusing to participate in good faith compliance with ORS 127.800 to 127.897.

- (2) All written requests by a patient for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner;
- (3) The attending physician's diagnosis and prognosis, determination that the patient is capable, acting voluntarily and has made an informed decision;
- (4) The consulting physician's diagnosis and prognosis, and verification that the patient is capable, acting voluntarily and has made an informed decision;
- (5) A report of the outcome and determinations made during counseling, if performed;
- (6) The attending physician's offer to the patient to rescind his or her request at the time of the patient's second oral request pursuant to ORS 127.840; and
- (7) A note by the attending physician indicating that all requirements under ORS 127.800 to 127.897 have been met and indicating the steps taken to carry out the request, including a notation of the medication prescribed. [1995 c.3 §3.09]
- **127.860 §3.10. Residency requirement.** Only requests made by Oregon residents under ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall be granted. Factors demonstrating Oregon residency include but are not limited to:
- (1) Possession of an Oregon driver license;
- (2) Registration to vote in Oregon;
- (3) Evidence that the person owns or leases property in Oregon; or
- (4) Filing of an Oregon tax return for the most recent tax year. [1995 c.3 §3.10; 1999 c.423 §81
- **127.865 §3.11. Reporting requirements.** (1)(a) The Department of Human Services shall annually review a sample of records maintained pursuant to ORS 127.800 to 127.897.
- (b) The department shall require any health care provider upon dispensing medication pursuant to ORS 127.800 to 127.897 to file a copy of the dispensing record with the department.
- (2) The department shall make rules to facilitate the collection of information regarding compliance with ORS 127.800 to 127.897. Except as otherwise required by law, the information collected shall not be a public record and may not be made available for inspection by the public.

- **127.825 §3.03.** Counseling referral. If in the opinion of the attending physician or the consulting physician a patient may be suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment, either physician shall refer the patient for counseling. No medication to end a patient's life in a humane and dignified manner shall be prescribed until the person performing the counseling determines that the patient is not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment. [1995 c.3 §3.03; 1999 c.423 §4]
- **127.830 §3.04. Informed decision.** No person shall receive a prescription for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner unless he or she has made an informed decision as defined in ORS 127.800 (7). Immediately prior to writing a prescription for medication under ORS 127.800 to 127.897, the attending physician shall verify that the patient is making an informed decision. [1995 c.3 §3.04]
- **127.835 §3.05. Family notification.** The attending physician shall recommend that the patient notify the next of kin of his or her request for medication pursuant to ORS 127.800 to 127.897. A patient who declines or is unable to notify next of kin shall not have his or her request denied for that reason. [1995 c.3 §3.05; 1999 c.423 §6]
- **127.840 §3.06.** Written and oral requests. In order to receive a prescription for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner, a qualified patient shall have made an oral request and a written request, and reiterate the oral request to his or her attending physician no less than fifteen (15) days after making the initial oral request. At the time the qualified patient makes his or her second oral request, the attending physician shall offer the patient an opportunity to rescind the request. [1995 c.3 §3.06]
- **127.845 §3.07. Right to rescind request.** A patient may rescind his or her request at any time and in any manner without regard to his or her mental state. No prescription for medication under ORS 127.800 to 127.897 may be written without the attending physician offering the qualified patient an opportunity to rescind the request. [1995 c.3 §3.07]
- **127.850 §3.08. Waiting periods.** No less than fifteen (15) days shall elapse between the patient's initial oral request and the writing of a prescription under ORS 127.800 to 127.897. No less than 48 hours shall elapse between the patient's written request and the writing of a prescription under ORS 127.800 to 127.897. [1995 c.3 §3.08]
- **127.855 §3.09. Medical record documentation requirements.** The following shall be documented or filed in the patient's medical record:
- (1) All oral requests by a patient for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner;

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- (e) Refer the patient for counseling if appropriate pursuant to ORS 127.825;
- (f) Recommend that the patient notify next of kin;
- (g) Counsel the patient about the importance of having another person present when the patient takes the medication prescribed pursuant to ORS 127.800 to 127.897 and of not taking the medication in a public place;
- (h) Inform the patient that he or she has an opportunity to rescind the request at any time and in any manner, and offer the patient an opportunity to rescind at the end of the 15 day waiting period pursuant to ORS 127.840;
- (i) Verify, immediately prior to writing the prescription for medication under ORS 127.800 to 127.897, that the patient is making an informed decision;
- (j) Fulfill the medical record documentation requirements of ORS 127.855;
- (k) Ensure that all appropriate steps are carried out in accordance with ORS 127.800 to 127.897 prior to writing a prescription for medication to enable a qualified patient to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner; and
- (L)(A) Dispense medications directly, including ancillary medications intended to facilitate the desired effect to minimize the patient's discomfort, provided the attending physician is registered as a dispensing physician with the Board of Medical Examiners, has a current Drug Enforcement Administration certificate and complies with any applicable administrative rule; or
- (B) With the patient's written consent:
- (i) Contact a pharmacist and inform the pharmacist of the prescription; and
- (ii) Deliver the written prescription personally or by mall to the pharmacist, who will dispense the medications to either the patient, the attending physician or an expressly identified agent of the patient.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the attending physician may sign the patient's death certificate. [1995 c.3 §3.01; 1999 c.423 §3]
- **127.820 §3.02. Consulting physician confirmation.** Before a patient is qualified under ORS 127.800 to 127.897, a consulting physician shall examine the patient and his or her relevant medical records and confirm, in writing, the attending physician's diagnosis that the patient is suffering from a terminal disease, and verify that the patient is capable, is acting voluntarily and has made an informed decision. [1995 c.3 §3.02]

- (2) One of the witnesses shall be a person who is not:
- (a) A relative of the patient by blood, marriage or adoption;
- (b) A person who at the time the request is signed would be entitled to any portion of the estate of the qualified patient upon death under any will or by operation of law; or
- (c) An owner, operator or employee of a health care facility where the qualified patient is receiving medical treatment or is a resident.
- (3) The patient's attending physician at the time the request is signed shall not be a witness.
- (4) If the patient is a patient in a long term care facility at the time the written request is made, one of the witnesses shall be an individual designated by the facility and having the qualifications specified by the Department of Human Services by rule. [1995 c.3 §2.02]

(Safeguards)

(Section 3)

127.815 §3.01. Attending physician responsibilities. (1) The attending physician shall:

- (a) Make the initial determination of whether a patient has a terminal disease, is capable, and has made the request voluntarily;
- (b) Request that the patient demonstrate Oregon residency pursuant to ORS 127.860;
- (c) To ensure that the patient is making an informed decision, inform the patient of:
- (A) His or her medical diagnosis;
- (B) His or her prognosis;
- (C) The potential risks associated with taking the medication to be prescribed;
- (D) The probable result of taking the medication to be prescribed; and
- (E) The feasible alternatives, including, but not limited to, comfort care, hospice care and pain control;
- (d) Refer the patient to a consulting physician for medical confirmation of the diagnosis, and for a determination that the patient is capable and acting voluntarily;

- (b) His or her prognosis;
- (c) The potential risks associated with taking the medication to be prescribed;
- (d) The probable result of taking the medication to be prescribed; and
- (e) The feasible alternatives, including, but not limited to, comfort care, hospice care and pain control.
- (8) "Medically confirmed" means the medical opinion of the attending physician has been confirmed by a consulting physician who has examined the patient and the patient's relevant medical records.
- (9) "Patient" means a person who is under the care of a physician.
- (10) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine by the Board of Medical Examiners for the State of Oregon.
- (11) "Qualified patient" means a capable adult who is a resident of Oregon and has satisfied the requirements of ORS 127.800 to 127.897 in order to obtain a prescription for medication to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner.
- (12) "Terminal disease" means an incurable and irreversible disease that has been medically confirmed and will, within reasonable medical judgment, produce death within six months. [1995 c.3 §1.01; 1999 c.423 §1]

(Written Request for Medication to End One's Life in a Humane and Dignified Manner)
(Section 2)

- **127.805 §2.01. Who may initiate a written request for medication.** (1) An adult who is capable, is a resident of Oregon, and has been determined by the attending physician and consulting physician to be suffering from a terminal disease, and who has voluntarily expressed his or her wish to die, may make a written request for medication for the purpose of ending his or her life in a humane and dignified manner in accordance with ORS 127.800 to 127.897.
- (2) No person shall qualify under the provisions of ORS 127.800 to 127.897 solely because of age or disability. [1995 c.3 §2.01; 1999 c.423 §2]
- **127.810 §2.02. Form of the written request.** (1) A valid request for medication under ORS 127.800 to 127.897 shall be in substantially the form described in ORS 127.897, signed and dated by the patient and witnessed by at least two individuals who, in the presence of the patient, attest that to the best of their knowledge and belief the patient is capable, acting voluntarily, and is not being coerced to sign the request.

THE OREGON DEATH WITH DIGNITY ACT OREGON REVISED STATUTES

(General Provisions)

(Section 1)

Note: The division headings, subdivision headings and leadlines for 127.800 to 127.890, 127.895 and 127.897 were enacted as part of Ballot Measure 16 (1994) and were not provided by Legislative Counsel.

127.800 §1.01. Definitions. The following words and phrases, whenever used in ORS 127.800 to 127.897, have the following meanings:

- (1) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years of age or older.
- (2) "Attending physician" means the physician who has primary responsibility for the care of the patient and treatment of the patient's terminal disease.
- (3) "Capable" means that in the opinion of a court or in the opinion of the patient's attending physician or consulting physician, psychiatrist or psychologist, a patient has the ability to make and communicate health care decisions to health care providers, including communication through persons familiar with the patient's manner of communicating if those persons are available.
- (4) "Consulting physician" means a physician who is qualified by specialty or experience to make a professional diagnosis and prognosis regarding the patient's disease.
- (5) "Counseling" means one or more consultations as necessary between a state licensed psychiatrist or psychologist and a patient for the purpose of determining that the patient is capable and not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression causing impaired judgment.
- (6) "Health care provider" means a person licensed, certified or otherwise authorized or permitted by the law of this state to administer health care or dispense medication in the ordinary course of business or practice of a profession, and includes a health care facility.
- (7) "Informed decision" means a decision by a qualified patient, to request and obtain a prescription to end his or her life in a humane and dignified manner, that is based on an appreciation of the relevant facts and after being fully informed by the attending physician of:
- (a) His or her medical diagnosis;

REQUEST FOR MEDICATION
TO END MY LIFE IN A HUMANE
AND DIGNIFIED MANNER
I,, am an adult of sound mind.
I am suffering from, which my attending physician has determined is a terminal disease and which has been medically confirmed by a consulting physician.
I have been fully informed of my diagnosis, prognosis, the nature of medication to be prescribed and potential associated risks, the expected result, and the feasible alternatives, including comfort care, hospice care and pain control.
I request that my attending physician prescribe medication that will end my life in a humane and dignified manner.
INITIAL ONE:
I have informed my family of my decision and taken their opinions into consideration.
I have decided not to inform my family of my decision.
I have no family to inform of my decision.
I understand that I have the right to rescind this request at any time.
I understand the full import of this request and I expect to die when I take the medication to be prescribed. I further understand that although most deaths occur within three hours, my death may take longer and my physician has counseled me about this possibility.
I make this request voluntarily and without reservation, and I accept full moral responsibility for my actions.
Signed:
Dated:

DECLARATION OF WITNESSES

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[1995 c.3 86.01: 1999 c.423 §11]	
NOTE: One witness shall not be a relative (by blood, marriage or adoption) of the person signing this request, shall not be entitled to any portion of the person's established and shall not own, operate or be employed at a health care facility whe the person is a patient or resident. If the patient is an inpatient at a health care facility one of the witnesses shall be an individual designated by the facility.	re
Witness 2/Date	
Witness 1/Date	
(d) Is not a patient for whom either of us is attending physician.	
(c) Appears to be of sound mind and not under duress, fraud or undue influence;	
(b) Signed this request in our presence;	
(a) Is personally known to us or has provided proof of identity;	
we declare that the person signing this request.	

PENALTIES

127.990: [Formerly part of 97.990; repealed by 1993 c.767 §29]

- **127.995 Penalties.** (1) It shall be a Class A felony for a person without authorization of the principal to willfully alter, forge, conceal or destroy an instrument, the reinstatement or revocation of an instrument or any other evidence or document reflecting the principal's desires and interests, with the intent and effect of causing a withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures or of artificially administered nutrition and hydration which hastens the death of the principal.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, it shall be a Class A misdemeanor for a person without authorization of the principal to willfully alter, forge, conceal or destroy an instrument, the reinstatement or revocation of an instrument, or any other evidence or document reflecting the principal's desires and interests with the intent or effect of affecting a health care decision. [Formerly 127.585]

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